



Periodic Inflow Design Flood Control System Plan Lower AQC Impoundment



La Cygne Generating Station

Evergy Metro, Inc. Project No. 121556

> Revision 1 10/1/2021



Periodic Inflow Design Flood Control System Plan Lower AQC Impoundment

prepared for

Evergy Metro, Inc. La Cygne Generating Station Linn County, Kansas

Project No. 121556

Revision 1 10/1/2021

prepared by

Burns & McDonnell Engineering Company, Inc. Kansas City, Missouri

INDEX AND CERTIFICATION

Evergy Metro, Inc. Periodic Inflow Design Flood Control System Plan Lower AQC Impoundment Project No. 121556

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Certification

I hereby certify, as a Professional Engineer in the state of Kansas, that the information in this document was assembled under my direct personal charge and that this periodic run-on and run-off control system plan meets the applicable requirements of 40 CFR 257.82. This report is not intended or represented to be suitable for reuse by Evergy Metro, Inc. or others without specific verification or adaptation by the Engineer.

Autin Muchathab

Austin Muckenthaler, P.E. Kansas License #27432

Date: 10/1/2021

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APPENDIX A – SUPPORTING CALCULATIONS

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

<u>Abbreviation</u>	<u>Term/Phrase/Name</u>
Burns & McDonnell	Burns & McDonnell Engineering Company, Inc.
CCR	Coal Combustion Residuals
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CN	curve number
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
Evergy	Evergy Metro, Inc.
KDHE	Kansas Department of Health and Environment
La Cygne	La Cygne Generating Station
NAVD88	North American Vertical Datum of 1988
NDPES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
NOAA	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
NRCS	Natural Resources Conservation Service
PFDS	Precipitation Frequency Data Server
RCRA	Resource Conservations and Recovery Act
SCS	Soil Conservation Service
TR-55	SCS Technical Release 55
U.S.C.	United States Code
USDA	United States Department of Agriculture
W.S.E.	Water Surface Elevation

1.0 BACKGROUND

On April 17, 2015, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) issued the federal Coal Combustion Residual Rule (CCR Rule) to regulate the disposal of CCR materials generated at operating coal-fired generating stations. The rule is being administered as part of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act [RCRA, 42 United States Code (U.S.C.) §6901 et seq.], under Subtitle D.

Evergy Metro, Inc. (Evergy) is subject to the CCR Rule and as such must develop an inflow design flood control system plan for the Lower AQC Impoundment at La Cygne Generating Station (La Cygne). The Lower AQC Impoundment is an existing CCR surface impoundment as defined by 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) §257.82. This report serves as the periodic update to the inflow design flood control system plan which was originally developed by Kansas City Power & Light (now Evergy) in 2016, with the support of calculations prepared by AECOM. This inflow design flood control system plan is in addition to, not in place of, any other applicable site permits, environmental standards, or work safety practices.

1.1 Facility Information

Name of Facility:	La Cygne Generating Station
Name of CCR Unit:	Lower AQC Impoundment
Name of Operator:	Evergy Metro, Inc.
Facility Mailing Address:	25166 E 2200th Rd La Cygne, KS 66040
Location:	Approximately seven miles east of La Cygne, KS
Facility Description:	The La Cygne Generating Station has two coal-fired units that produce fly ash, bottom ash, and gypsum. CCR not beneficially used is transported to the on-site landfill for disposal. The Lower AQC Impoundment is no longer actively used for CCR disposal. Related landfill facilities include a groundwater monitoring system, stormwater management systems, and haul/access roads.

1.2 Regulatory Requirements

Per 40 CFR §257.82, the inflow design flood control system plan must contain documentation (including supporting engineering calculations) that the control system has been designed and constructed to meet the applicable requirements of 40 CFR 257.82. The owner or operator of a CCR unit must prepare a written plan that includes the information specified in 40 CFR 257.82 (a) and (b) which is as follows:

(a) Design, construct, operate, and maintain an inflow design flood control system as specified:

- The inflow design flood control system must adequately manage flow into the CCR unit during and following the peak discharge of the inflow design flood specified in paragraph (3);
- (2) The inflow design flood control system must adequately manage flow from the CCR unit to collect and control the peak discharge resulting from the inflow design flood specified in paragraph (3);
- (3) The inflow design flood is: (i) For a high hazard potential CCR surface impoundment, the probable maximum flood; (ii) For a significant hazard potential CCR surface impoundment, the 1,000-year flood; (iii) For a low hazard potential CCR surface impoundment, the 100-year flood; or (iv) For an incised CCR surface impoundment, the 25-year flood.
- (b) Discharge from the CCR unit must be handled in accordance with the surface water requirements under: §257.3 – 3.

Per 40 CFR §257.81(c)(5), Evergy must obtain certification from a qualified professional engineer that the inflow design flood control system plan, and subsequent updates to the plan, meet the requirements of 40 CFR §257.82. This sealed document serves as that certification.

2.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS

The Lower AQC Impoundment was commissioned in 1973. The Impoundment was constructed with embankments having a maximum height of 24 feet high and a crest elevation of 864.0 feet (NAVD88). The embankments have 3H:1V side slopes. The Lower AQC Impoundment is primarily used as a holding basin for formerly sluiced CCR materials, AQC recycling water, and onsite stormwater. The Impoundment watershed includes rainfall directly into the unit, but no longer includes the Upper AQC Impoundment; or the on-site CCR landfill due to recent grading and stormwater system modifications. The Lower AQC Impoundment is operated as a non-discharge unit; however, there is an emergency overflow spillway at the northwest corner of the Lower AQC Impoundment which consists of a 120-foot-wide earth embankment with 5H:1V side slopes and an invert elevation of 862.3 feet. The water from the emergency spillway discharges directly into the discharge canal. The unit is now operated at a level that does not typically exceed 860.0 feet.

3.0 DESIGN BASIS / FLOOD CONTROL SYSTEM

3.1 Inflow Design Flood System Criteria

3.1.1 Capacity Criteria

The CCR Rule requires that CCR surface impoundments have adequate hydrologic and hydraulic capacity to manage flows from the inflow design flood. For this analysis, the criteria were interpreted to mean that the surface impoundment must be able to accept inflows from the design flood event without overtopping.

3.1.2 Freeboard Criteria

The CCR documentation further discusses that operating freeboard must be adequate to meet performance standards, but a specific freeboard is not defined. For this analysis, it was assumed a 1-foot minimum freeboard shall be maintained during the inflow design flood event.

3.1.3 Flood Routing Design Criteria

The La Cygne Lower AQC Impoundment has been categorized by others as a "Low Hazard Potential CCR Impoundment", therefore the inflow design flood is a 100-year flood event per 40 CFR§257.82 (a)(3)(iii).

3.2 Topographic Survey

Survey data was utilized in this analysis for determining storage volumes, drainage paths, and drainage areas. Survey performed by BHC Rhodes from December 2020 to June 2021 was the primary source for this information. The site coordinate system is based on control established by McClure Engineering Company in the Kansas South Zone, U.S. Feet, State Plane, NAD83 Coordinate System.

4.0 HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC CAPACITY

Peak flow rates and runoff volumes were determined using the Soil Conservation Service's (SCS) [now known as the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS)] run-off curve number (CN) method with HydroCAD stormwater modeling software. Inputs to the HydroCAD model are discussed in more detail in the following sections.

4.1 Hydrology

4.1.1 Recurrence Interval and Rainfall Duration

The La Cygne Lower AQC Impoundment inflow design flood is a 100-year flood event per 40 CFR §257.82 (a)(3)(iii). A storm duration is not specified under 40 CFR §257.82 or other pertinent inflow flood design sections within the CCR Rule; therefore, a 24-hour storm duration was assumed since this is typically required by RCRA (40 CFR 258.26).

4.1.2 Rainfall Distribution and Depth

The SCS Type II rainfall distribution was used for computations associated with this evaluation. Precipitation data was acquired from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Precipitation Frequency Data Server (PFDS). Precipitation depth for the 100-year, 24-hour storm is 8.55 inches.

4.1.3 Subbasin Characteristics

The drainage areas were delineated using the topographic survey data described in Section 3.2. A sketch is provided in Appendix A which shows the drainage areas and flow paths used in the analysis.

The CN Method was used to estimate runoff from each drainage area. The CN is determined from several site characteristics, including the hydrologic soil group and ground cover type. Typical CN values from SCS Technical Release 55 (TR-55) are preloaded into HydroCAD and were referenced for this analysis. Based on Custom Soils Resource Report from the US Department of Agriculture (USDA) NRCS Web Soil Survey site, soils near the Lower AQC Impoundment are generally from Hydrologic Soil Group D. The common ground cover types of the contributing drainage areas consist of gravel roads, water surface, and CCR. CCR is not a typical ground cover type in TR-55, so a CN of 85 was assumed.

The time of concentration equations from TR-55 were used in HydroCAD to calculate time of concentration for each drainage area. Inputs for the equations were determined with reference to the surface characteristics of each drainage area.

4.1.4 Storage Capacity

When conducting the analysis, it was assumed that the impoundment water surface is at an elevation of 860.0 feet prior to the storm event, below the invert elevation of the emergency spillway (862.3). This is a conservative assumption since the operating level of the pond does not exceed 860.0.

Storage data was only inputted for elevations between the assumed water surface elevation (860.0) and the maximum available storage elevation in the pond (approximately 864.0 feet) using available survey data. There is approximately 240 acre-feet of storage in the impoundment between these levels.

4.2 Impoundment Outflows

The water surface elevation in the Lower AQC Impoundment is controlled by pumps during normal conditions and by the emergency spillway in extreme conditions. For this analysis, it was assumed that there is zero discharge through the pumps and any discharge will go through the emergency spillway.

5.0 RESULTS

The Lower AQC Impoundment was modeled for a 100-year, 24-hour storm event with the initial water surface elevation set at the emergency spillway elevation (862.3 feet). The resulting runoff volume represents the amount of rainwater over the watershed area, reduced by the amount of infiltration that would be expected to occur for the types of soils and vegetation present. A summary of the results from the HydroCAD model have been provided in Table 5-1. The HydroCAD report, which is included in Appendix A, provides a routing diagram, input summary, and more detailed modeling results for the 100-year, 24-hour event.

CCR Unit	Initial W.S.E. (feet)	Peak W.S.E. (feet)	Flood Elevation (feet)	Freeboard (feet)
Lower AQC Impoundment	860.0	861.66	864.0	2.34

Table 5-1: Summary of HydroCAD Results

There are no discharge flows into the Lower AQC Impoundment except for the perimeter road. Under the assumed conditions, the impoundment was able to contain runoff from the 100-year, 24-hour storm event while maintaining at least 1-foot of freeboard; all discharge goes through the emergency spillway and the embankments were not overtopped. It was therefore concluded that the inflow design flood control system of the La Cygne Lower AQC Impoundment both adequately manages flow into the CCR unit during and following the peak discharge of the inflow design flood (40 CFR §257.82 (a)(1)), and adequately manages flow from the CCR unit to collect and control the peak discharge resulting from the inflow design flood (40 CFR §257.82 (a)(2)).

Discharges from the Lower AQC Impoundment are directed to a permitted NPDES outfall. Per the current NPDES permit, all discharged water is tested for pollutants and the discharge meets the minimum regulatory requirements of the permit. Therefore, the facility does not cause a discharge of pollutants into waters of the United States that is in violation of the requirements of the NPDES under Section 402 of the Clean Water Act and thereby meets the requirements in §257.82 (b). Discharge from the Lower AQC Impoundment is handled in accordance with the surface water requirements of §257.3 – 3 during the 100-year, 24-hour flood event. Therefore, the Lower AQC Impoundment meets the requirements for certification under the CCR Rule.

6.0 REVISIONS AND AMENDMENTS

Evergy must place this periodic inflow design flood control system plan in the CCR Operating Record by October 13, 2021. Evergy may amend the plan at any time and is required to do so whenever there is a change in conditions which would substantially affect the written plan in effect. Evergy must prepare a periodic inflow design flood control system plan at least every five years. Each periodic plan or amendment to the written plan shall be certified by a qualified professional engineer in the State of Kansas. All amendments and revisions must be placed on the CCR public website. A record of revisions made to this document is included in Section 8.0.

7.0 REFERENCES

- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Standards for the Disposal of Coal Combustion Residuals in Landfills and Surface Impoundments, 40 CFR §257, Federal Register 80, Subpart D, April 17, 2015.
- AECOM, Initial Inflow Design Flood Control System Plan, Lower AQC Impoundment, La Cygne Generating Station, October 13, 2016.
- 3. BHC, Topographic Survey, December 2020-June 2021.
- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, NOAA Atlas 14 Point Precipitation Frequency Estimates, Volume 8, Version 2, Accessed: 2/19/2020.
- USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service, Web Soil Survey, Hydrologic Soil Groups Linn County, Kansas; Accessed: 2/24/2020.
- 6. SCS Engineers, Initial Hazard Potential Classification Assessment Report, Lower AQC Impoundment, Kansas City Power & Light Company, La Cygne Generating Station, dated October 7, 2016 (updated October 2021).
- 7. USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service, Technical Release 55, dated June 1986.

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Revision Number	Date	Revisions Made	By Whom		
0	10/13/2016	Initial Issue	AECOM		
1	10/13/2021	Periodic Update	Burns & McDonnell		

8.0 RECORD OF REVISIONS

APPENDIX A – SUPPORTING CALCULATIONS



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 by	ckd	description



Page 2

Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(acres)		(subcatchment-numbers)
125.400	85	CCR HSG D (LAQC-1, LAQC-2, LAQC-3, LAQC-4, LAQC-5, LAQC-6, LAQC-7, LAQC-8)
7.750	91	Gravel roads, HSG D (LAQC-2, LAQC-3, LAQC-4, LAQC-5, LAQC-6, LAQC-7)
35.445	98	Water Surface, HSG D (LAQC-2, LAQC-8)
168.595	88	TOTAL AREA

Summary for Subcatchment LAQC-1:

Runoff = 38.49 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 3.103 af, Depth= 6.74"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-60.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type II 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.55"

	Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription			
*	5.	520 8	35 CCF	R HSG D			
	5.	520	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area		
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
	1.3	150	0.0330	1.94		Sheet Flow,	
	0.8	81	0.0120	1.76		Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.64" Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
	4.1	250	0.0040	1.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps	
	15.2	589	0.0016	0.64		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps	
	21.4	1,070	Total				

Subcatchment LAQC-1:



Summary for Subcatchment LAQC-2:

Runoff	=	113.54 cfs @	12.05 hrs,	Volume=	7.652 af,	Depth= 7.59"
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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-60.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type II 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.55"

	Area	(ac) (CN De	scription		
	0.	430	91 Gra	avel roads,	HSG D	
*	5.	650	85 CC	R HSG D		
	6.	020	98 Wa	ter Surface	, HSG D	
	12.	100	92 We	ighted Ave	rage	
	6.	080	50.	25% Pervic	ous Area	
	6.	020	49.	75% Imper	vious Area	
	Tc	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	0.5	130	0.3300) 4.74		Sheet Flow,
						Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.64"
	2.6	418	0.0280	2.69		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
	10.4	587	0.0034	0.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps

13.5 1,135 Total

Subcatchment LAQC-2:



Summary for Subcatchment LAQC-3:

Runoff	=	113.80 cfs @	12.13 hrs,	Volume=	9.173 af,	Depth= 6.74"
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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-60.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type II 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.55"

	Area	(ac) C	CN Des	scription			
*	15.	030	85 CC	R HSG D			
_	1.	290	91 Gra	vel roads, l	HSG D		
	16.	320	85 We	ighted Aver	age		
	16.	320	100	.00% Pervi	ous Area		
	_						
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description	
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
	2.4	150	0.0070	1.05		Sheet Flow,	
						Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.64"	
	2.3	255	0.0130	1.84		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps	
	16.7	914	0.0032	0.91		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
_						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps	
	21.4	1,319	Total				

Subcatchment LAQC-3:



Summary for Subcatchment LAQC-4:

Runoff =	68.17 cfs @	12.24 hrs, V	'olume=	6.739 af, Depth= 6.74"	
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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-60.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type II 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.55"

	Area	(ac) (CN Des	cription			
*	11.	170	85 CCI	R HSG D			
_	0.	820	91 Gra	vel roads, l	HSG D		
	11.	990	85 Wei	ighted Aver	age		
	11.	990	100	.00% Pervi	ous Area		
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
_	2.4	150	0.0070	1.05		Sheet Flow,	
	21.4	744	0.0013	0.58		Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.64" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Unpayed Ky= 16.1 fps	
	6.3	449	0.0055	1.19		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps	
	30.1	1,343	Total				

Subcatchment LAQC-4:



LOWA Prepare	QC Pe d by B	eakf Surns	low_/	AJM //cDonnel	Type II 24	La Cygne LAQC IDF I-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.55" Printed 9/23/2021		
HydroCA	D® 10.0	00-24	s/n 08	3510 © 201	18 HydroCA	AD Software	Solutions LLC	Page 7
				Sumr	nary for	Subcatch	ment LAQC-5:	
Runoff	=	163	3.73 cfs	s @ 12.1	2 hrs, Vol	ume=	13.085 af, Depth=	6.74"
Runoff b Type II 2	unoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-60.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs ype II 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.55"							
Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription				
* 22.	430	85	CCR	R HSG D				
0.	850	91	Grav	/el roads, l	HSG D			
23.	280	85	Weig	ghted Aver	rage			
23.	280		100.	00% Pervi	ous Area			
Tc (min)	Lengt (fee	h t)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Descriptio	n	
2.5	15	0 0	.0060	0.98		Sheet Flo)W,	
18.6	96	70	.0029	0.87		Smooth s Shallow (Unpaved	urfaces n= 0.011 Concentrated Flow Kv= 16.1 fps	P2= 3.64" /,

21.1 1,117 Total

Subcatchment LAQC-5:



Prepare	d by Bur D® 10.00	rns and N -24 s/n 08	ACDonnel 8510 © 201	 8 HydroCA	D Software Solutions LLC Printed 9/23/202
			Sumr	nary for s	Subcatchment LAQC-6:
Runoff	= ^	138.49 cfs	s@ 12.2	1 hrs, Volu	ume= 13.063 af, Depth= 6.74"
Runoff b Type II 2 Area	y SCS TF 24-hr 100 (ac) C	R-20 metl)-YR Rain	nod, UH=S Ifall=8.55" cription	SCS, Weigh	nted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-60.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
* 21	<u>(40)</u> 0	35 CCR	HSG D		
1	.710 9	91 Grav	vel roads, l	HSG D	
23 23	.240 8 .240	35 Weię 100.	ghted Aver 00% Pervi	age ous Area	
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
2.5	150	0.0060	0.98		Sheet Flow,
25.4	1,345	0.0030	0.88		Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.64" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
27.9	1,495	Total			

Subcatchment LAQC-6:



Summary for Subcatchment LAQC-7:

1.01011 = 0.01010100 ($0.010000000000000000000000000000000000$	Runoff =	51.51 cfs @	12.62 hrs, Volume=	8.313 af, Depth= 6.87"
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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-60.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type II 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.55"

	Area	(ac) (CN E	Desc	cription			
*	11.	880	85 C	CCR	HSG D			
_	2.	650	91 (Grav	vel roads, l	HSG D		
	14.	530	86 V	Veig	ghted Aver	age		
	14.	530	1	00.	00% Pervi	ous Area		
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slo (ft	pe /ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
-	2.1	150	0.01	00	1.21		Sheet Flow,	_
	1.3	147	0.01	30	1.84		Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.64" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Unpayed Ky= 16.1 fps	
	57.7	1,850	0.00)11	0.53		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps	
	61.1	2,147	Tota	al				

Subcatchment LAQC-7:





8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60

Time (hours)

ο ż

4 6

Summary for Pond P2:

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Inflow Are	a =	12.100 ac, 49.75% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 7.59" for 100-YR even	nt
Inflow	=	113.54 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 7.652 af	
Outflow	=	45.56 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 3.965 af, Atten= 60%, Lag= 9	.7 min
Primary	=	45.56 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 3.965 af	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-60.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 861.58' @ 24.71 hrs Surf.Area= 160,055 sf Storage= 160,604 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 57.2 min calculated for 3.965 af (52% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	orage Storage	Description	
#1	860.0	0' 1,166,2	73 cf Custon	n Stage Data (Pi	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatic (fee	on t)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
860.0 861.0 863.0 865.0	00 00 00 00	69,010 100,770 305,000 370,613	0 84,890 405,770 675,613	0 84,890 490,660 1,166,273	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	es	
#1	Primary	860.00'	15.0' long x Head (feet) (Coef. (Englis	105.0' breadth 0.20 0.40 0.60 h) 2.68 2.70 2.	Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 70 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.64 2.63

Primary OutFlow Max=45.55 cfs @ 12.21 hrs HW=861.22' TW=860.60' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 45.55 cfs @ 2.48 fps)

LOWAQC Peakflow_AJM *Typ* Prepared by Burns and McDonnell HydroCAD® 10.00-24 s/n 08510 © 2018 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

La Cygne LAQC IDF *Type II 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.55"* Printed 9/23/2021 <u>LLC Page 12</u>

Pond P2:



Summary for Pond P3:

Inflow Ar	ea =	16.320 ac,	0.00% Impervious, In	flow Depth = 6.74 "	for 100-YR event
Inflow	=	113.80 cfs @	12.13 hrs, Volume=	9.173 af	
Outflow	=	49.72 cfs @	12.27 hrs, Volume=	9.171 af, Att	en= 56%, Lag= 8.2 min
Primary	=	49.72 cfs @	12.27 hrs, Volume=	9.171 af	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-60.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 868.68' @ 12.40 hrs Surf.Area= 85,514 sf Storage= 102,793 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 44.8 min calculated for 9.171 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 44.7 min (843.9 - 799.3)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.St	orage Storage	e Description	
#1	865.0	266,6	628 cf Custon	n Stage Data (Pi	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio	on	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(tee	t)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
865.0	0	7,040	0	0	
866.0	0	8,909	7,975	7,975	
867.0	0	22,985	15,947	23,922	
868.0	0	45,499	34,242	58,164	
870.0	00	162,965	208,464	266,628	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	es	
#1	Primary	865.00	48.0" Round	d Culvert	
#2	Primary	869.00	L= 98.0' CN Inlet / Outlet n= 0.025 Co 100.0' long Head (feet) (Coef. (Englis	IP, projecting, nc Invert= 865.00' / rrugated metal, x 85.0' breadth 0.20 0.40 0.60 h) 2.68 2.70 2.	headwall, Ke= 0.900 863.85' S= 0.0117 '/' Cc= 0.900 Flow Area= 12.57 sf Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 70 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.64 2.63

Primary OutFlow Max=49.72 cfs @ 12.27 hrs HW=868.60' TW=867.02' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Culvert** (Outlet Controls 49.72 cfs @ 5.51 fps)

-2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Pond P3:



Summary for Pond P4:

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Inflow Area	ı =	11.990 ac,	0.00% Impervious, In	nflow Depth = 6.74	4" for 100-YR event
Inflow	=	68.17 cfs @	12.24 hrs, Volume=	6.739 af	
Outflow	=	63.46 cfs @	12.31 hrs, Volume=	6.739 af, 7	Atten= 7%, Lag= 4.6 min
Primary	=	63.46 cfs @	12.31 hrs, Volume=	6.739 af	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-60.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 869.46' @ 12.31 hrs Surf.Area= 32,493 sf Storage= 38,552 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 14.6 min calculated for 6.739 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 14.5 min (821.8 - 807.3)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description		
#1	866.9	2' 57,4	54 cf Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)	
Elevatio	on	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store		
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)		
866.9	92	100	0	0		
868.0	00	9,801	5,347	5,347		
869.0	00	28,698	19,250	24,596		
870.0	00	37,018	32,858	57,454		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	S		
#1	Primary	866.92'	15.0" Round	I Culvert X 3.00)	
#2	Primary	869.00'	L= 90.0' CM Inlet / Outlet I n= 0.025 Cor 60.0' long x Head (feet) 0 Coef. (English	P, projecting, nc nvert= 866.92' / rrugated metal, 30.0' breadth E 0.20 0.40 0.60 n) 2.68 2.70 2.	b headwall, Ke= 0.900 865.57' S= 0.0150 '/' Cc= 0.900 Flow Area= 1.23 sf Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 .70 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.64 2.63	

Primary OutFlow Max=63.45 cfs @ 12.31 hrs HW=869.46' TW=867.42' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Culvert (Outlet Controls 13.56 cfs @ 3.68 fps)

-2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 49.89 cfs @ 1.82 fps)

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Pond P4:



Summary for Pond P5:

Inflow Are	ea =	35.270 ac,	0.00% Impervious, I	nflow Depth = 6.74	4" for 100-YR event
Inflow	=	196.36 cfs @	12.19 hrs, Volume=	19.825 af	
Outflow	=	111.46 cfs @	12.28 hrs, Volume=	19.825 af, 7	Atten= 43%, Lag= 5.4 min
Primary	=	111.46 cfs @	12.28 hrs, Volume=	19.825 af	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-60.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 867.68' @ 12.70 hrs Surf.Area= 95,075 sf Storage= 191,984 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 67.7 min calculated for 19.825 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 67.7 min (874.5 - 806.7)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	orage Storage	Description	
#1	864.0	0' 418,2	35 cf Custon	n Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	on et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
864.0 865.0 867.0 870.0)0)0)0)0	1,850 22,155 93,631 100,000	0 12,003 115,786 290,447	0 12,003 127,789 418,235	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	es	
#1	Primary	864.00'	15.0' long x Head (feet) (Coef. (Englis	130.0' breadth D.20 0.40 0.60 h) 2.68 2.70 2.	Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 70 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.64 2.63

Primary OutFlow Max=111.46 cfs @ 12.28 hrs HW=867.35' TW=867.05' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 111.46 cfs @ 2.22 fps)

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Pond P5:



Summary for Pond P6:

Inflow Area	a =	89.360 ac,	0.00% Impervious, In	flow Depth > 6.7	'3" for 100-YR event
Inflow	=	188.70 cfs @	12.24 hrs, Volume=	50.083 af	
Outflow	=	188.44 cfs @	12.24 hrs, Volume=	50.082 af,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.3 min
Primary	=	188.44 cfs @	12.24 hrs, Volume=	50.082 af	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-60.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 865.75' @ 12.24 hrs Surf.Area= 57,152 sf Storage= 50,652 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 18.2 min calculated for 50.074 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 18.2 min (958.8 - 940.6)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description	
#1	862.3	631,3	57 cf Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio	n	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee	t)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
862.3	0	100	0	0	
863.0	0	250	123	123	
864.0	0	500	375	498	
865.0	0	32,737	16,619	17,116	
866.0	0	65,457	49,097	66,213	
870.0	0	217,115	565,144	631,357	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	S	
#1	Primary	862.30'	18.0" Round	Culvert	
#2	Primary	865.50'	L= 60.0' CMI Inlet / Outlet In n= 0.025 Cor 550.0' long x Head (feet) 0 Coef. (English	P, projecting, nc nvert= 862.30' / rugated metal, 5 0.0' breadth .20 0.40 0.60 n) 2.68 2.70 2.	headwall, Ke= 0.900 862.30' S= 0.0000 '/' Cc= 0.900 Flow Area= 1.77 sf Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 70 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.64 2.63

Primary OutFlow Max=188.41 cfs @ 12.24 hrs HW=865.75' TW=860.62' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 8.10 cfs @ 4.59 fps)

-2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 180.30 cfs @ 1.33 fps)

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Pond P6:



Summary for Pond P7:

Inflow Area	=	66.120 ac,	0.00% Impervious, Infle	ow Depth = 6.77" for 100-YR event	
Inflow	=	195.99 cfs @	12.31 hrs, Volume=	37.308 af	
Outflow	=	135.51 cfs @	12.74 hrs, Volume=	37.271 af, Atten= 31%, Lag= 25.6 mir	٦
Primary	=	127.81 cfs @	12.74 hrs, Volume=	37.020 af	
Secondary	=	7.70 cfs @	12.74 hrs, Volume=	0.265 af	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-60.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 867.65' @ 12.74 hrs Surf.Area= 168,369 sf Storage= 379,768 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 130.3 min calculated for 37.271 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 129.2 min (987.0 - 857.8)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	rage Storag	e Description				
#1	862.30	439,16	61 cf Custor	m Stage Data (P	rismatic)List	ed below (Recalc)		
Flovetia	-	und Ana a	In a Starra	Curra Starra				
Elevalio	n 5	un.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store				
(lee	()	(sq-it)	(Jeel-Siduo)	(Jeer-Siduo)				
862.3	0	100	0	0				
863.0	0	40,920	14,357	14,357				
865.0	0	41,280	82,200	96,557				
866.0	0	71,610	56,445	153,002				
867.0	0	165,354	118,482	271,484				
868.0	0	170,000	167,677	439,161				
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devic	es				
#1	Primary	862.30'	48.0" Roun	d Culvert				
	,		L= 122.0' C	MP, projecting, r	no headwall,	Ke= 0.900		
			Inlet / Outlet	Invert= 862.30' /	862.30' S=	0.0000 '/' Cc= 0.900	J	
			n= 0.025 Co	orrugated metal.	Flow Area=	12.57 sf		
#2	Secondary	/ 867.50'	50.0' lona >	c 50.0' breadth E	Broad-Creste	ed Rectangular Weir		
	,		Head (feet)	0.20 0.40 0.60	0.80 1.00 1	.20 1.40 1.60		
			Coef. Englis	sh) 2.68 2.70 2	70 2.64 2.6	3 2.64 2.64 2.63		
#3	Primary	867.00'	50.0' long >	50.0' breadth E	Broad-Creste	ed Rectangular Weir		
110	. minary	001.00	Head (feet)	0 20 0 40 0 60	0.80 1.00 1	20 1 40 1 60		
			Coef. (Englis	sh) 2.68 2.70 2.	.70 2.64 2.6	3 2.64 2.64 2.63		
				,				
Primary	Primary OutFlow Max=127.80 cfs @ 12.74 hrs HW=867.65' TW=865.72' (Dynamic Tailwater) — 1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 57.62 cfs @ 4.59 fps)							

-3=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 70.19 cfs @ 2.16 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=7.70 cfs @ 12.74 hrs HW=867.65' TW=860.82' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 7.70 cfs @ 1.03 fps) LOWAQC Peakflow_AJM Prepared by Burns and McDonnell

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Pond P7:



Summary for Pond P8:

Inflow Are	ea =	168.595 ac, 2	1.02% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 6	6.82" for	100-YR event
Inflow	=	872.76 cfs @	11.96 hrs, Volume	= 95.759 a	ıf	
Outflow	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume	= 0.000 a	if, Atten= 1	00%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume	= 0.000 a	ıf	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-60.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 861.66' @ 60.00 hrs Surf.Area= 2,610,044 sf Storage= 4,171,266 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: initial storage exceeds outflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= (not calculated: no outflow)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail	.Storage	Storage	Description	
#1	860.	00' 13,24	13,271 cf	Custom	Stage Data (Pri	smatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	n t)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc (cubio	.Store c-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
860.0	0	2,421,915		0	0	
862.3	0	2,682,905	5,87	0,543	5,870,543	
863.0	0	2,710,412	1,88	87,661	7,758,204	
864.0	0	2,737,920	2,72	24,166	10,482,370	
865.0	0	2,783,883	2,76	60,902	13,243,271	
Device	Routing	١n	/ert Outle	et Device	S	
#1	Primary	862.	.30' 120. Head Coet	0' long > d (feet) 0 f. (English	20.0' breadth E .20 0.40 0.60 0 a) 2.68 2.70 2.7	Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 0 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.64 2.63

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Pond P8:



Summary for Link Out:

Inflow A	rea =	168.595 ac, 2'	1.02% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.	00" for 100-YR event
Inflow	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume	= 0.000 af	
Primary	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume	e= 0.000 af,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-60.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Link Out:





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